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| **Name (in Romaji):** | 🡪 |
| **Student Number:** | 🡪 |
| **Class Day + Period (examples: Monday 2, Friday 3):** | 🡪 |

**Philosophy Quiz 12 – The Age of Descartes**

**ONLY** write or type the letter or letters of your answer (for example: A, B, C, etc.) for each question to the right of the arrows. **DO** **NOT** include anything else for your answer.

(12.1) 🡪

(12.2) 🡪

(12.3) 🡪

(12.4) 🡪

(12.5) 🡪

(12.6) 🡪

(12.7) 🡪

(12.8) 🡪

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Score: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / 8

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| (12.1) |  | What is dualism? | |
|  |  | [A] | The metaphysical view that reality ultimately consists of two kinds of things, basically, logic and ethics |
|  |  | [B] | A theory that claims humans should be thought of as metaphysical computers, basically, untouchable chips and processors |
|  |  | [C] | The metaphysical view that reality ultimately consists of two kinds of things, basically, mind and body |

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| (12.2) |  | Traditionally, one of the most formidable problems facing any metaphysical theory of dualism is: | |
|  |  | [A] | how a mind and a body can interact. |
|  |  | [B] | how a mind can think logically and non-logically. |
|  |  | [C] | how a mind can be immortal like a soul. |
|  |  | [D] | how a mind can be physical like the body. |

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| (12.3) |  | Dualism as explained by Descartes: | |
|  |  | [A] | is most strongly associated with the French. |
|  |  | [B] | tends to be defended by religious thinkers. |
|  |  | [C] | claims that bodies are essentially extensions of mind. |
|  |  | [D] | does not add any new elements to the system. |

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| (12.4) |  | Descartes held that thinking is part of the essence of the self. | |
|  |  | [A] | True |
|  |  | [B] | False |

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| (12.5) |  | Once we separate mind and matter, what is the problem? | |
|  |  | [A] | How do we put them back together? |
|  |  | [B] | How do we define each one? |
|  |  | [C] | How do we doubt that either exists? |
|  |  | [D] | How do we make the mind physical and the body mental? |

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| (12.6) |  | According to Descartes, the existence of God is more certain than the external world. | |
|  |  | [A] | True |
|  |  | [B] | False |

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| (12.7) |  | Descartes is known as the Father of what? | |
|  |  | [A] | Modern Philosophy |
|  |  | [B] | Dualistic Nature |
|  |  | [C] | Cardiology |
|  |  | [D] | Phraseology |

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| (12.8) |  | Which of these is the first of Descartes’ most obvious truths? | |
|  |  | [A] | God exists. |
|  |  | [B] | My mind exists. |
|  |  | [C] | I have no ideas. |
|  |  | [D] | The external world exists. |